SPORT SPECIFIC RISK ASSESSMENT 5 - ROCK CLIMBING & ABSEILING



| SSRA 5 – ROCK CLIMBING & ABSEILING | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Applicable to all outdoor rock climbing and any abseiling activities for CHMAS. | Date Compiled Compiled By | 8 February 2020 Chris Hughes | | |
| See instructor skills matrix for staff / client ratios | Date of Next Review | 01/02/2023 | | |
| | | Is the activity acceptably safe if managed as below (YES/NO): YES Signed: | | |
| | Signed: | | | |

| Benefit Statement | These activities provide the opportunity to undertake personal challenge, with support and encouragement from the rest of their group– thus helping people understand the value and importance of teamwork. Pushing comfort zones and sense of achievement. | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Hazard | Risk | Control Measure | |
| Usual climbing and abseiling risks. | Various Injuries | Use suitably qualified and experienced instructor that holds an appropriate in date first aid certificate. Clear activity briefings and supervision to be provided. Climbing helmets to be worn. All accidents, near misses and incidents are recorded and appropriate action undertaken as required. | |
| Extreme Weather | Sunburn Hypothermia Heat Exhaustion / Heat Stoke | Weather forecast to be obtained and impact on venue to be considered. If conditions, make activity unsuitable consider alternative activity. Remind participants about sun protection and participants have suitable & adequate clothing plus access to warm (or cold) drinks. | |

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| Hazard | Risk | Control Measure | | |
| Participants | Various injuries | Instructor to check / recheck medical history (discretely) before commencing activity. Instructors to also check with group leaders about any behavioural issues. | | |
| Slips & trips | Various injuries | Brief group on 'walk in' to crag and discuss environmental hazards. | | |
| Falling rocks / other objects | Head injuries | Selection of an appropriate venue for group. Designate a 'safe area' climbing helmets to be worn always s outside of safe area. Advise on the action to be taken when hearing the 'Below' call. | | |
| Faulty or ill-fitting equipment. | Various injuries | All equipment to be checked by instructor prior to the start of the session and then checked regularly throughout the session. | | |
| Misunderstood communication. | Various injuries | Identify key commands before climbing and then check for understanding by questioning. | | |
| Peer group belaying. | Falls / various injuries | Appropriate demonstration, briefing and supervision to be given. For inexperienced groups a suitable back up method should be used (tailing the rope etc) for conventional belaying. If using bell ringer method two persons to tail rope. | | |
| Incorrect climbing / abseil technique. | Various injuries | Appropriate briefing and demonstration. | | |
| Friction rope burns whilst abseiling. | Burns | Students encouraged to perform controlled descents. | | |
| Falling from the top of the abseil. | Falls / various injuries | Students to be attached to a safety rope when approaching the top of the abseil. Appropriately trained / qualified staff may introduce the use of an autobloc device for advanced students who have undertaken sufficient training. | | |
| | | Instructor to be attached to the abseil system by an appropriate method. | | |
| Hair/other items caught in abseil device. | Entrapment | Appropriate briefing re-clothing and tying long hair back. Use of releasable system. | | |
| Bouldering activities | Various injuries | Appropriate briefing. Warm up prior to bouldering. Boulder in pairs with one person spotting. | | |